

Pest Bio

Providing All Your Pest Facts

House Cricket



Crickets are a complete protein and contain both omega-3 and omega-6 fatty acids.

Male crickets make a calling song by rubbing a scraper on the inner edge of the left wing against the teeth of a file that is beneath the right wing. It is heard as a series of short chirps. Most people experience cricket issues when they keep crickets as pet food or for fishing and one escapes into the house. Crickets do not bite or sting. Females have a long stinger-like appendage, however, it is only used for inserting eggs into the ground.

Call Barrier for help managing House Crickets!

208-463-4533

DIET

House crickets eat fruit like apples, oranges and bananas. Vegetables including carrots, potatoes, squash and leafy greens, grains like alfalfa and wheat germ and even pet foods.

HABITAT

Crickets that live in the wild usually live in piles of rocks, wood, leaves and compost.

BEHAVIOR

Male crickets chirp to attract females and chirp more frequently when the weather gets warmer. They are nocturnal and usually make their presence known at dusk.

House Cricket Facts:

Size: 3/4" - 1"

Shape: Long/Narrow

Color: Gray or Brownish

Legs: 6

Wings: Yes

Antenna: Yes

Scientific Name:

Kingdom:

-Animalia

Phylum:

-Arthropoda

Class:

-Insecta

Order:

-Orthoptera

Family:

-Gryllidae

Genus:

-Acheta